

Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund

ARSN 621 610 848

Annual report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

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These financial statements cover Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund is The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) (AFSL 235150). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 18, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Directors' Report

The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) is the responsible entity (the "Responsible Entity") of the Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund (the "Fund"), formerly known as Lucerne Growth. The directors of the Responsible Entity (the "Directors") present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Principal activities

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Fund will invest in other funds. There are allocation limits placed on asset classes and strategies of the underlying funds. The Fund is also able to invest directly in primary and secondary market securities and derivatives as well as accounts receivable invoices. The Fund registered with Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC").

The Fund was constituted on 8 September 2017 and commenced operations on 1 December 2017.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

Directors

The Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited during the year and up to the date of this report are shown below. The Directors were in office for this entire period except where stated otherwise:

Name	Date of appointment/resignation
Glenn Foster	
Richard McCarthy	
Vicki Riggio	
Simone Mosse	Appointed as Director 27 September 2019
Phillip Blackmore	Alternative Director for Vicki Riggio
Michael Vainauskas	Resigned as Director on 27 September 2019
Andrew McIver	Resigned as Alternate Director for Michael Vainauskas on 2 September 2019 Appointed as Alternate Director for Glenn Foster on 2 September 2019 Resigned as Alternate Director for Glenn Foster on 27 September 2019

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund invested in accordance with the investment objective and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provision of the Fund's Constitution.

Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Operating profit/(loss) before finance costs (\$'000)	3,191	(2,052)
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	506	-
Distributions (cents per unit)	1.05	-

Significant changes in state of affairs

On 11 October 2019, the Fund has been renamed to Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund, formerly known as Lucerne Growth.

The Directors continue to assess the potential financial and other impacts of the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak to the Fund. The current high-level of uncertainty regarding the severity and length of COVID-19 on investment markets has impacted investment outcomes and increased volatility in investment performance during the year.

At the date of signing, the future impacts of COVID-19 on global and domestic economies and investment market indices, and their resulting impact on the Fund are uncertain. The Directors and management will continue to monitor this situation.

In the opinion of the Directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the year.

Directors' Report (continued)

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regard to the insurance cover provided to either the officers of the Responsible Entity or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of the Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Fund's property during the year are disclosed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund's property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of units in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

Units in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 8 of the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that *ASIC Corporations Instrument*, unless otherwise indicated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 4.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited.



Director
The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited

Sydney
25 September 2020



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working world**

Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited as Responsible Entity for Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Ernst & Young".

Ernst & Young

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Rohit Khanna".

Rohit Khanna
Partner
25 September 2020

Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest income from financial assets as amortised cost		4	20
Distribution income		2,279	338
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		14	(64)
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	1,527	(1,876)
Other income		35	49
Total investment income/(loss)		3,859	(1,533)
Expenses			
Management fees	15	366	351
Performance fees	15	125	-
Administration and custody fees		71	65
Responsible Entity's fees	15	47	47
Other operating expenses		59	56
Total expenses		668	519
Operating profit/(loss)		3,191	(2,052)
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions to unitholders	9	(506)	-
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	8	(2,685)	2,052
Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

	Note	As at	
		30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	303	4,014
Prepaid expenses		25	35
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	13	2,675	1,933
Receivables	12	1,735	2,167
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,6	46,482	39,189
Total assets		51,220	47,338
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	9	506	-
Management fees payable	15	62	63
Performance fees payable	15	125	-
Administration and custody fees payable		9	9
Responsible Entity's fees payable	15	47	24
Redemptions payable		-	2,239
Other operating expenses payable		28	22
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		750	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	7	62	-
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		1,589	2,357
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	8	49,631	44,981

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		-	-
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Transactions with unitholders			
Applications		-	-
Redemptions		-	-
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions		-	-
Distributions paid and payable		-	-
Total transactions with unitholders		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total equity at the end of the financial year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the start or end of the financial year.

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

	Note	Year ended	
		30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		22,300	93,546
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(27,997)	(117,093)
Interest received from financial assets at amortised cost		4	20
Distribution income received		2,707	(1,100)
Other income received		40	46
Management fees paid		(368)	(302)
Performance fees paid		-	(62)
Custody and administration fees paid		(71)	(70)
Responsible Entity's fees paid		(23)	(51)
Other expenses paid		(44)	(39)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	11(a)	<u>(3,452)</u>	<u>(25,105)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		9,955	30,209
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(10,228)	(3,656)
Distributions paid to unitholders		-	(503)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(273)</u>	<u>26,050</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,725)	945
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		4,014	3,133
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		14	(64)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	10	<u>303</u>	<u>4,014</u>
Non-cash financing activities	11(b)	-	13

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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1 General information

These financial statements cover Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund (the "Fund"), formerly known as Lucerne Growth, as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme which was constituted on 8 September 2017. The Fund will terminate two days before the 80th anniversary of the date of the Constitution or at the discretion of the Responsible Entity as set out in the Fund's Constitution, whichever is earlier.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) (AFSL 235150) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 18, Angel Place, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

The investment manager of the Fund is Lucerne Australia Pty Ltd (the "Investment Manager").

The Fund is managed with the intention of generating capital appreciation and income over the long term without regard to equity indices. The recommended minimum investment timeframe is 5 years.

The financial statements of the Fund are for the year ended 30 June 2020. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors (the "Directors of the Responsible Entity") on 25 September 2020. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at year end.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unitholder's option. However, unitholders typically retain units for the medium to long-term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

- Financial assets:

The Fund classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities and derivatives, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

- Financial liabilities

The Fund makes short sales in which a borrowed security is sold in anticipation of a decline in the market value of that security, or it may use short sales for various arbitrage transactions. Short sales are held for trading and are consequently classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (Responsible Entity's fees payable, management fees payable, administration and custody fees payable, due to brokers, distributions payable and other payables).

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Impairment

At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash, due from broker and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses (ECL) if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the amortised cost. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(iii) Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(iv) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

(v) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting year, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders. The units are classified as financial liabilities as the redeemable units of the Fund fail to meet both criteria as below:

- the puttable units is part of a class of units that is subordinate to other unit classes and instruments;
- all puttable units in the most subordinate class have identical features.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises deposits held at custodian banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents. Interest from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined based on the contractual coupon interest rate.

Distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within distribution income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established.

Distribution income is recognised on the ex-distribution date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

(f) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees, performance fees, Responsible Entity's fees, custody and administration fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax as unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Fund.

(h) Distributions

Distributions are payable as set out in the Fund's offering document. Such distributions are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Fund. Distributable income includes capital gains arising from the disposal of financial instruments. Unrealised gains and losses on financial instruments that are recognised as income are transferred to net assets attributable to unitholders and are not assessable and distributable until realised. Capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained to be offset against any realised capital gains.

Financial instruments at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

The benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

The Fund may distribute its distributable income in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

(i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the prevailing exchange rate at the valuation date. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the prevailing exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The Fund's income earned and expense incurred on foreign denominated balances are translated into the functional currency at the prevailing exchange rate on the date of such activity.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest and dividends. Dividends are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(e) above. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Receivables also include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credit (RITC).

Receivables are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for ECL. To measure the ECL, receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

The amount of the impairment loss, if any, is recognised as impairment loss item in the Statement of comprehensive income. When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against impairment loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

(l) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting year.

Payables may include amounts for redemptions of units in the Fund where settlement has not yet occurred. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting year is recognised separately in the statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Fund's Constitution.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unitholders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the next financial year.

(m) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(n) Goods and services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 55% or 75%; hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(o) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The valuation methods and policies applied by the Responsible Entity must be consistent with ordinary commercial practices for valuing financial instruments of the relevant kind. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. For more information on how fair value is calculated please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

For certain other balances reported on statement of financial position, including amounts due from/to brokers, accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(p) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with the *ASIC Corporations Instrument*, unless otherwise indicated.

(q) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost.

(r) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

(a) Overview

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The management of these risks is undertaken by the Fund's Investment Manager who has been appointed by the Responsible Entity under an Investment Management Agreement to manage the Fund's assets in accordance with the Investment Objective and Strategy.

The Responsible Entity has in place a framework which includes:

- The Investment Manager providing the Responsible Entity with regular reports on their compliance with the Investment Management Agreement;
- Completion of regular reviews on the Service Provider which may include a review of the investment managers risk management framework to manage the financial risks of the Fund; and
- Regular reporting on the liquidity of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Liquidity Risk Management Statement.

The Fund's Investment Manager has in place a framework to identify and manage the financial risks in accordance with the investment objective and strategy. This includes an investment due diligence process and on-going monitoring of the investments in the Fund. Specific controls the Investment Manager applies to manage the financial risks are detailed under each risk specified below.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market risk factors, such as equity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market prices will affect the Fund's income or the carrying value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

(i) Price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

Price risk is managed by Lucerne Australia Pty Ltd and the Fund seeks to mitigate price risk by ensuring the Fund is managed in line with its Investment Management Agreement ("IMA"). The Investment Manager monitors the Fund on a regular basis.

As at the year end, the overall market exposures were as follows:

	Fair value \$'000	% of net attributable to unitholders
As at 30 June 2020		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Fund investments	46,420	93.53
Options	62	0.12
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Options	62	0.12
Fair value \$'000		
As at 30 June 2019		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Fund investments	39,093	86.91
Forwards	96	0.21
Fair value \$'000		
As at 30 June 2019		

The table at Note 3(c) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the investment portfolio in which the Fund invests moves by +/-10% from the year end prices with all other variables held constant.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk:

As at 30 June 2020	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	303	-	-	303
Receivables	-	-	1,735	1,735
Due from brokers	-	-	2,675	2,675
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	46,482	46,482
Total assets	303	-	50,892	51,195
Liabilities				
Distributions payable	-	-	506	506
Management fees payable	-	-	62	62
Performance fees payable	-	-	125	125
Administration and custody fees payable	-	-	9	9
Responsible Entity's fees payable	-	-	47	47
Other operating expenses payable	-	-	28	28
Redemptions payable	-	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	-	-	750	750
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	62	62
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	-	-	1,589	1,589
Net exposure	303	-	49,303	49,606
As at 30 June 2019	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	4,014	-	-	4,014
Receivables	-	-	2,167	2,167
Due from brokers	-	-	1,933	1,933
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	39,189	39,189
Total assets	4,014	-	43,289	47,303
Liabilities				
Distributions payable	-	-	-	-
Management fees payable	-	-	63	63
Performance fees payable	-	-	-	-
Administration and custody fees payable	-	-	9	9
Responsible Entity's fees payable	-	-	24	24
Redemptions payable	-	-	2,239	2,239
Other operating expenses payable	-	-	22	22
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	-	-	2,357	2,357
Net exposure	4,014	-	40,932	44,946

The table at Note 3(c) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of interest rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders through changes in fair value of changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the assumption that interest rates changed by +/- 100 basis points (2019: +/- 100 basis points) from the year end rates with all other variables held constant.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund has assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Australian dollars, the Fund's functional and presentation currency. The Fund is therefore exposed to currency risk, as the value of the assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Investment Manager may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts from time to time to hedge against the fluctuation in exchange rates.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Currency risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's net exposure to a foreign currency:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
United States Dollar	7,884	-

The table in Note 3(c) summarises the impact of an increase/decrease of foreign exchange rates on the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders through changes in fair value of changes in future cash flows. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rates changed by +/- 10% (2019: +/- 10%) from the year end rates with all other variables held constant.

(c) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and the historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unitholders					
	Price risk		Interest rate risk		Currency risk	
	-10%	+10%	-100bps	+100bps	-10% US Dollar	+10% US Dollar
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2020	(4,642)	4,642	(30)	30	(788)	788
As at 30 June 2019	(3,919)	3,919	(401)	401	-	-

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to pay amounts in full when due.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting year is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

(i) Bank deposits, amount due from brokers, assets held with the custodian and derivative financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of bank deposits, amount due from brokers, assets held with the custodian, derivative financial instruments and the related collateral pledged or received from counterparties.

The table below summarises these assets at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019:

As at 30 June 2020	\$'000	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Banks, Brokers and Custodian			
JP Morgan Chase Bank	48,786	A-1	S&P
As at 30 June 2019	\$'000	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Banks and Custodian			
JP Morgan Chase Bank	42,814	A-1	S&P

The sub-custody balance with JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A (Sydney Branch) includes investments in funds totalling \$46,419,958 (2019: \$39,093,281). The Fund has a cash balance held by the broker, Velocity Trade amounting to \$262,447 as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$293,282).

There is risk that derivative counterparties may not perform in accordance with the contractual provisions. The counterparties to the Fund's derivative investments may include affiliates of the Fund's clearing brokers and other major financial institutions. The Fund's exposure to credit risk associated with a counterparty with which it trades OTC derivatives is limited to the balance of the collateral pledged to that counterparty, plus the net unrealised gains on the OTC derivative contracts with such counterparty. In the case of exchange-traded and centrally cleared derivatives, the central clearing house acts as the counterparty to each transaction, and therefore the credit risk associated with the derivative contract and any related collateral amounts pledged is limited to the failure of the clearing house.

The Fund minimises counterparty credit risk through credit limits and approvals, credit monitoring procedures, executing master netting arrangements and managing margin and collateral requirements, as appropriate.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

The Fund may record counterparty credit risk valuation adjustments, if material, on certain derivative assets in order to appropriately reflect the credit quality of the counterparty. These adjustments are recorded on the market quotes received from counterparties or other market participants since these quotes may not fully reflect the credit risk of the counterparties to the derivative instruments. The Fund has not recorded any counterparty credit risk valuation adjustments for year ended 30 June 2020.

The Fund also limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings and that the Investment Manager considers to be well established.

In the normal course of business, the Fund may enter into agreements with certain counterparties for OTC derivative transactions. A number of the Funds' derivative agreements contain provisions that require the Fund to maintain a predetermined level of capital, and/or provide limits regarding the decline of the Funds' capital over specified time periods. If the Fund were to violate such provisions, the counterparties to the derivative instruments could request immediate payment or demand immediate collateralisation on derivative instruments in net liability positions. If such events are not cured by the Fund or waived by the counterparties, they may decide to curtail or limit extension of credit, and the Fund may be forced to unwind its derivative positions which may result in material losses.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of units in the Fund. The Fund invests the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of.

To assess the impact of COVID-19 on the liquidity of the Fund, the Responsible Entity conducted frequent and enhanced monitoring of the liquidity of the Fund during the second half of the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities and net settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period to contractual maturity, as of the reporting period end. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances that are due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 30 June 2020	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	1-2 years \$'000
Management fees payable	62	-	-	-
Performance fees payable	125	-	-	-
Administration and custody fees payable	9	-	-	-
Responsible Entity's fees payable	47	-	-	-
Redemptions payable	-	-	-	-
Other operating expenses payable	28	-	-	-
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	750	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	49,631	-	-	-
Distributions payables	-	506	-	-
Total financial liabilities	50,652	506	-	-
As at 30 June 2019	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-6 months \$'000	6-12 months \$'000	1-2 years \$'000
Management fees payable	63	-	-	-
Performance fees payable	-	-	-	-
Administration and custody fees payable	9	-	-	-
Responsible Entity's fees payable	24	-	-	-
Redemptions payable	2,239	-	-	-
Other operating expenses payable	22	-	-	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	44,981	-	-	-
Distributions payables	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	47,338	-	-	-

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) (see Note 6)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting year.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (a) Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
 - (b) Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
 - (c) Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).
- (i) *Fair value in an active market (level 1)*

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid or asking price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

(ii) *Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and 3)*

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This may be the case for certain unlisted shares, certain corporate debt securities and managed funds unlisted unit trusts with suspended applications and withdrawals.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

Investments in other managed funds are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds. The Fund may make adjustments to the redemption value based on considerations such as liquidity of the unit trust or its underlying investments, or any restrictions on redemptions and the basis of accounting.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019:

As at 30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Fund investments	-	42,902	3,518	46,420
Options	-	-	62	62
Total	-	42,902	3,580	46,482
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Options	-	-	62	62
Total	-	-	62	62

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

As at 30 June 2019	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Fund investments	1,640	36,588	865	39,093
Forwards	-	96	-	96
Total	1,640	36,684	865	39,189

(i) *Transfer between levels*

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting year.

There were no transfers between levels of Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2020.

(ii) *Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)*

The following table presents the movement in level 3 instruments for the year ended 30 June 2020.

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:		
Opening balance - beginning of the year	865	-
Purchases	4,170	851
Sales	(1,103)	-
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(414)	14
Closing balance - end of year	3,518	865

Total unrealised gains/(losses) for the year included in the statement of comprehensive income for financial assets and liabilities amounting to \$1,526,690 (gains) held at the end of the year.

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements.

	Fair value at 30 June 2020 \$'000	Unobservable inputs	Reasonable possible shift +/- (absolute value)	Change in valuation \$'000
Fund investment				
Tribeca global natural Resources SPV	119	Published redemption prices	+/- 10%	12 / (12)
Saville Capital Pre-IPO Fund	1,494	Published redemption prices	+/- 10%	149 / (149)
Merricks Capital Partners Fund - Redeeming Investor Class	1,905	Published redemption prices	+/- 10%	191 / (191)

(iii) *Valuation processes*

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by Investment Manager to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities. Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, Investment Manager performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting year.

(iv) *Fair values of other financial instruments*

The Fund did not hold any financial instruments which were not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of receivables and payables are assumed to approximate fair value.

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Net realised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(3,186)	(1,472)
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,671	(404)
Total net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,485	(1,876)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Net realised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	42	-
Total net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	42	-
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1,527	(1,876)

6 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The following table details the financial assets by the Fund during the year:

	As at	
	30 June 2020 Fair Value \$'000	30 June 2019 Fair Value \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Fund investments	46,420	39,093
Forwards	-	96
Options	62	-
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	46,482	39,189
Comprising:		
Fund investments		
Australian fund investments	38,798	27,434
International fund investments	7,622	11,659
Total fund investments	46,420	39,093

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

7 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The following table details the financial liabilities by the Fund during the year:

	As at	
	30 June 2020 Fair Value \$'000	30 June 2019 Fair Value \$'000
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Options	62	-
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	62	-

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

8 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund has elected into the AMIT tax regime and consequently the Fund's constitution has been amended. The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

As the Fee Class 1 and Fee Class 2 do not have identical class features, the Fund does not satisfy the criteria under AASB 132 that would allow it to classify net assets attributable to unitholders as equity. As at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as financial liability.

8 Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

Movements in the net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

As at 30 June 2020	Fee Class 1		Fee Class 2		Total	
	Units '000	\$ '000	Units '000	\$ '000	Units '000	\$ '000
Opening balances	25,002	24,306	21,138	20,675	46,140	44,981
Applications	2,485	2,461	7,438	7,493	9,923	9,954
Redemptions	(5,306)	(5,263)	(2,735)	(2,726)	(8,041)	(7,989)
(Decrease)/Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	1,363	-	1,322	-	2,685
Closing balance	22,181	22,867	25,841	26,764	48,022	49,631

As at 30 June 2019	Fee Class 1		Fee Class 2		Total	
	Units '000	\$ '000	Units '000	\$ '000	Units '000	\$ '000
Opening balances	9,725	9,862	12,676	12,843	22,401	22,705
Applications	19,114	19,379	10,677	10,831	29,791	30,210
Redemptions	(3,847)	(3,716)	(2,218)	(2,179)	(6,065)	(5,895)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	10	10	3	3	13	13
(Decrease)/Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	(1,229)	-	(823)	-	(2,052)
Closing balance	25,002	24,306	21,138	20,675	46,140	44,981

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, investors can select to apply for Units in Fee Class 1 and Fee Class 2. Fee Class 1 has a higher management fee while Fee Class 2 has a lower management fee but is subject to a performance fee.

Capital risk management

The Fund classifies its net assets attributable to unitholders as financial liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Monthly applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a monthly basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

9 Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are payable at the end of each financial period. Such distributions are determined by reference to the net taxable income of the Fund.

	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2020 CPU*	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU*
Distributions payable				
Fee Class 1	179	0.81	-	-
Fee Class 2	327	1.26	-	-

There was no distribution for the half-year ended 31 December 2019.

* Distribution is expressed as cents per unit amount in Australian Dollar.

10 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Cash	303	4,014
Total cash and cash equivalents	303	4,014

The cash at bank balance includes cash held by broker amounting to \$262,447 (2019: \$293,282).

11 Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	2,685	(2,052)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(14)	64
Distributions to unitholders	506	-
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	22,300	93,546
Payments for purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(27,997)	(117,093)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(1,527)	1,876
Net change in other assets and receivables	442	(1,432)
Net change in payables	153	(14)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(3,452)	(25,105)
(b) Non-cash financing activities		
During the year, the following distribution payments to unitholders were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan.	-	13
Total non-cash financing activities	-	13

As described in Note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

The change in this amount each year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

12 Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
GST receivables	4	3
Management fee rebates from investments	2	7
Distributions receivables	1,729	2,157
Total receivables	1,735	2,167

13 Due from brokers

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	2,675	1,933
Total due from brokers	2,675	1,933

14 Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020 \$	30 June 2019 \$
Fees to Ernst & Young (Australia)		
Audit and other assurance services		
Fees for assurance services that are required by legislation to be provided by the auditor	24,000	21,750
Fees for other services - Tax compliance	10,000	8,000
Total fees to Ernst & Young (Australia)	34,000	29,750
Fees to PricewaterhouseCoopers (Australia)		
Fees for other services - Compliance Plan audit	2,475	2,350
Total fees to PricewaterhouseCoopers (Australia)	2,475	2,350
Total auditor's remuneration	36,475	32,100

The auditor's remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

15 Related party transactions

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Fund if they have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or exercise significant influence over the Fund in making financial and operating disclosures. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund is The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited (ABN 45 003 278 831) (AFSL 235150). Accordingly, transactions with entities related to The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to Lucerne Australia Pty Ltd, to act as Investment Manager for the Fund, and Mainstream Fund Services Pty Ltd to act as Custodian and Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Key management personnel

(a) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited during or since the end of the year and to the date of this report.

Name	Date of appointment/resignation
Glenn Foster	
Richard McCarthy	
Vicki Riggio	
Simone Mosse	Appointed as Director 27 September 2019
Phillip Blackmore	Alternative Director for Vicki Riggio
Michael Vainauskas	Resigned as Director on 27 September 2019
Andrew McIver	Resigned as Alternate Director for Michael Vainauskas on 2 September 2019 Appointed as Alternate Director for Glenn Foster on 2 September 2019 Resigned as Alternate Director for Glenn Foster on 27 September 2019

(b) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

Key management personnel unitholdings

During or since the end of the year, none of the Directors or Director related entities held units in the Fund, either directly, indirectly or beneficially.

Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

Responsible Entity and Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive a fee based on a percentage of the gross asset value of the Fund.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions.

The transactions during the year end and amounts payable as at period end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
	\$	\$
Management fees for the year	366,428	351,498
Performance fees for the year	125,334	350
Responsible Entity's fees for the year paid and payable by the Fund to the Responsible Entity	46,832	47,100
Aggregate amounts payable to the Investment Manager at reporting date	187,217	63,550
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity at reporting date	47,025	23,513

For information on how management and performance fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

Investment Management fees reimbursed represent monies put into the Fund to ensure that the Fund's overall management costs remain within that disclosed in the Information Memorandum.

15 Related party transactions (continued)

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Fund (including The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited and the Investment Manager) held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2020 (2019: nil).

Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in the The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited or of its affiliates or funds managed by Lucerne Australia Pty Ltd during the year.

16 Significant events during the year

On 11 October 2019, the Fund has been renamed to Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund, formerly known as Lucerne Growth.

The Directors continue to assess the potential financial and other impacts of the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak to the Fund. The current high-level of uncertainty regarding the severity and length of COVID-19 on investment markets has impacted investment outcomes and increased volatility in investment performance during the year.

At the date of signing, the future impacts of COVID-19 on global and domestic economies and investment market indices, and their resulting impact on the Fund are uncertain. The Directors and management will continue to monitor this situation.

There were no other significant events during the year.

17 Events occurring after year end

The Directors are not aware of any event or circumstance since the end of the financial year not otherwise addressed within this report that has affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Fund, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Fund in subsequent years. The Fund continues to operate as a going concern.

18 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity:

- a. the financial statements and notes set out on pages 5 to 24 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - i. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - ii. giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year on that date,
- b. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- c. Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited.



Director
The Trust Company (RE Services) Limited

Sydney
25 September 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Lucerne Alternative Investments Fund (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibilities of the Responsible Entity for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible of Entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Responsible Entity.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.



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- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young

Rohit Khanna
Partner
Sydney
25 September 2020